## Preliminary Exam - Spring 1985

**Problem 1** Let f(x),  $0 \le x < \infty$ , be continuous, differentiable, with f(0) = 0, and that f'(x) is an increasing function of x for  $x \ge 0$ . Prove that

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} f(x)/x, & x > 0\\ f'(0), & x = 0 \end{cases}$$

is an increasing function of x.

**Problem 2** In a commutative group G, let the element a have order r, let b have order s  $(r, s < \infty)$ , and assume that the greatest common divisor of r and s is 1. Show that ab has order rs.

**Problem 3** Show that a necessary and sufficient condition for three points a, b, and c in the complex plane to form an equilateral triangle is that

$$a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = bc + ca + ab.$$

**Problem 4** Let R > 1 and let f be analytic on |z| < R except at z = 1, where f has a simple pole. If

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n z^n \qquad (|z| < 1)$$

is the Maclaurin series for f, show that  $\lim_{n\to\infty} a_n$  exists.

**Problem 5** Factor  $x^4 + x^3 + x + 3$  completely in  $\mathbb{Z}_5[x]$ .

**Problem 6** Let A and B be two  $n \times n$  self-adjoint (i.e., Hermitian) matrices over  $\mathbb{C}$  such that all eigenvalues of A lie in [a, a'] and all eigenvalues of B lie in [b, b']. Show that all eigenvalues of A + B lie in [a + b, a' + b'].

Problem 7 Prove that

$$\int_0^\infty e^{-x^2} \cos(2bx) \, dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\pi} e^{-b^2}.$$

What restrictions, if any, need be placed on b?

**Problem 8** Let h > 0 be given. Consider the linear difference equation

$$\frac{y((n+2)h) - 2y((n+1)h) + y(nh)}{h^2} = -y(nh), \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

(Note the analogy with the differential equation y'' = -y.)

- 1. Find the general solution of the equation by trying suitable exponential substitutions.
- 2. Find the solution with y(0) = 0 and y(h) = h. Denote it by  $S_h(nh), n = 1, 2, \ldots$
- 3. Let x be fixed and  $h = \frac{x}{n}$ . Show that

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} S_{\frac{x}{n}} \left( \frac{nx}{n} \right) = \sin x \,.$$

**Problem 9** Define the function  $\zeta$  by

$$\zeta(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^x} \cdot$$

Prove that  $\zeta(x)$  is defined and has continuous derivatives of all orders in the interval  $1 < x < \infty$ .

**Problem 10** For arbitrary elements a, b, and c in a field  $\mathbf{F}$ , compute the minimal polynomial of the matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & a \\ 1 & 0 & b \\ 0 & 1 & c \end{pmatrix}.$$

**Problem 11** Let  $\mathbf{F} = \{a + b\sqrt[3]{2} + c\sqrt[3]{4} \mid a, b, c \in \mathbb{Q}\}$ . Prove that  $\mathbf{F}$  is a field and each element in  $\mathbf{F}$  has a unique representation as  $a + b\sqrt[3]{2} + c\sqrt[3]{4}$  with  $a, b, c \in \mathbb{Q}$ . Find  $(1 - \sqrt[3]{2})^{-1}$  in  $\mathbf{F}$ .

Problem 12 Prove that

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{x^{\alpha - 1}}{1 + x} \, dx = \frac{\pi}{\sin \pi \alpha}.$$

What restrictions must be placed on  $\alpha$ ?

**Problem 13** Prove that for any  $a \in \mathbb{C}$  and any integer  $n \ge 2$ , the equation  $1 + z + az^n = 0$  has at least one root in the disc  $|z| \le 2$ .

**Problem 14** Show that

$$I = \int_0^\pi \log(\sin x) \, dx$$

converges as an improper Riemann integral. Evaluate I.

**Problem 15** Let  $\zeta = e^{\frac{2\pi i}{7}}$  be a primitive 7<sup>th</sup> root of unity. Find a cubic polynomial with integer coefficients having  $\alpha = \zeta + \zeta^{-1}$  as a root.

**Problem 16** Let f be continuous on  $\mathbb{R}$ , and let

$$f_n(x) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} f\left(x + \frac{k}{n}\right).$$

Prove that  $f_n(x)$  converges uniformly to a limit on every finite interval [a, b].

**Problem 17** Let  $v_1$  and  $v_2$  be two real valued continuous functions on  $\mathbb{R}$  such that  $v_1(x) < v_2(x)$  for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ . Let  $\varphi_1(t)$  and  $\varphi_2(t)$  be, respectively, solutions of the differential equations

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = v_1(x)$$
 and  $\frac{dx}{dt} = v_2(x)$ 

for a < t < b. If  $\varphi_1(t_0) = \varphi_2(t_0)$  for some  $t_0 \in (a, b)$ , show that  $\varphi_1(t) \leq \varphi_2(t)$  for all  $t \in (t_0, b)$ .

**Problem 18** Let A and B be two  $n \times n$  self-adjoint (i.e., Hermitian) matrices over  $\mathbb{C}$  and assume A is positive definite. Prove that all eigenvalues of AB are real.

**Problem 19** Let  $\mathbf{F}$  be a finite field. Give a complete proof of the fact that the number of elements of  $\mathbf{F}$  is of the form  $p^r$ , where  $p \ge 2$  is a prime number and r is an integer  $\ge 1$ .

**Problem 20** Let f(z) be an analytic function that maps the open disc |z| < 1 into itself. Show that  $|f'(z)| \leq 1/(1-|z|^2)$ .